

Understanding and Using English Grammar, pages 203-209

name: _____

練習 1

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練習 2

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練習 3

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練習 4

1	did
2	weren't
3	had
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第10章 条件文

10-1 条件文で使われる基本的な動詞の語形

<i>if</i> 節の意味	<i>if</i> 節の動詞	結果を表わす節の動詞	
現在・未来の事実 に即した条件	単純現在	単純現在 単純未来	(a) (b)
現在・未来の事実 に反する条件	単純過去	<i>would</i> + 原形	(c)
過去の事実 に反する条件	過去完了	<i>would have</i> + 過去分詞	(d)

- (a) If I *have* enough time, I *write* to my parents every week.
(もし十分な時間があれば、私は毎週両親に手紙を書くつもりだ)
- (b) If I *have* enough time tomorrow, I *will write* to my parents.
(もし明日、十分な時間があれば、私は両親に手紙を書くつもりだ)
- (c) If I *had* enough time now, I *would write* to my parents.
(もし今、十分な時間があれば、私は両親に手紙を書くのだが〔実際には時間がないので両親に手紙を書かないだろう〕)
- (d) If I *had had* enough time, I *would have written* to my parents yesterday.
(もし十分な時間があったら、私は昨日両親に手紙を書いたのだが〔実際には時間がなかったので両親に手紙を書かなかった])

10-2 現在または未来の事実在即した条件

- (e) If I **don't eat** breakfast, I always **get** hungry during class.
(もし朝食をとらなければ、私はいつも授業中にお腹がすいてしまう)
- (f) Water **freezes (will freeze)** if the temperature **goes** below 32°F/0°C.
(水は温度が華氏32度/摂氏0度以下になると凍る)
- (g) If I **don't eat** breakfast tomorrow morning, I **will get** hungry during class.
(もし明日朝食をとらなければ、私は授業中にお腹がすいてしまうだろう)
- (h) If the weather **is** nice tomorrow, we **will go** on a picnic.
(もし明日天気がよければ、私たちはピクニックに行くだろう)

- (e)では習慣的な行動や状況を表わすため、結果を表わす節の動詞は単純現在である。
- (f)のようにすでに定着している、あるいは十分予想される事実を表わす場合は、結果を表わす節の動詞は単純現在または単純未来が使われる。
- (g)や(h)のように未来の特定の行動または状況を表わす場合は、結果を表わす節の動詞は単純未来を使う。
- 注意: *if*節の中では単純未来ではなく単純現在が使われる。

10-3 現在または未来の事実に反する条件

- (i) If I **taught** this class, I **wouldn't give** tests.
(私がこのクラスを教えていたら、テストは行なわないだろう)
- (j) If he **were** here right now, he **would help** us.
(彼が今ここにいたら、私たちを助けてくれるだろう)
- (k) If I **were** you, I **would accept** their invitation.
(私があなただったら、彼らの招待を受けるだろう)

- (i)の場合、話し手は実際にはこのクラスを教えていない。
- (j)では、実際には彼はここにいない。
- (k)の場合、実際には話し手(I)は聞き手(you)ではない。
- 注意: このとき、主語が単数であっても複数であっても *were* が使われる。非常にくだけた話し言葉では主語が *I, he, she, it* のときに *was* が使われることもあるが、文法的には正しくないと考えられている。

□ 練習1: ()内の動詞を正しい形に直し、文を完成させなさい。

1. If I have enough apples, I (*bake*) will bake an apple pie this afternoon.
2. If I had enough apples, I (*bake*) _____ an apple pie this afternoon.
3. I will fix your bicycle if I (*have*) _____ a screwdriver of the proper size.
4. I would fix your bicycle if I (*have*) _____ a screwdriver of the proper size.
5. I (*make*) _____ a tomato salad for the picnic tomorrow if the tomatoes in my garden are ripe.
6. I (*make*) _____ a tomato salad for the picnic tomorrow if the tomatoes in my garden were ripe.
7. Jack would shave today if he (*have*) _____ a sharp razor.
8. Jack will shave today if he (*have*) _____ a sharp razor.
9. Sally always answers the phone if she (*be*) _____ in her office.
10. Sally would answer the phone if she (*be*) _____ in her office right now.
11. I (*be, not*) _____ a student in this class if English (*be*) _____ my native language.

10-4 過去の事実に戻す条件

- (l) If you **had told** me about the problem, I **would have helped** you.
(もしその問題について私に言ってくれていたなら、私はあなたを助けてあげることができたのに)
- (m) If they **had studied**, they **would have passed** the exam.
(もし勉強していたなら、彼らは試験に合格することができたのに)
- (n) If I **hadn't slipped** on the ice, I **wouldn't have broken** my arm.
(もし氷の上で滑らなかったら、私は腕の骨を折ることはなかっただろうに)

- (l)の場合、実際には聞き手(you)は話し手(l)にそのことを話していない。
- (m)の場合、実際には彼らは勉強していない。
- (n)の場合、実際には話し手は氷の上で滑ってしまい腕の骨を折ってしまった。
- 注意: 話し言葉では助動詞はほとんどの場合、縮約形となる。例: "If you'd told me, I would've helped you (または I'd've helped you)."

□ 練習 2: ()内の動詞を正しい形に直し、文を完成させなさい。

1. If I (*have*) _____ enough money, I will go with you.
2. If I (*have*) _____ enough money, I would go with you.
3. If I (*have*) _____ enough money, I would have gone with you.
4. If the weather is nice tomorrow, we (*go*) _____ to the zoo.
5. If the weather were nice today, we (*go*) _____ to the zoo.
6. If the weather had been nice yesterday, we (*go*) _____ to the zoo.
7. If Sally (*be*) _____ at home tomorrow, I am going to visit her.
8. Jim isn't home right now. If he (*be*) _____ at home right now, I (*visit*) _____ him.

9. Linda wasn't at home yesterday. If she (*be*) _____ at home yesterday, I (*visit*) _____ her.

□ 練習 3: ()内の動詞を正しい形に直し、文を完成させなさい。

1. It's too bad Helen isn't here. If she (*be*) _____ here, she (*know*) _____ what to do.
2. Fred failed the test because he didn't study. However, if he (*study*) _____ for the test, he (*pass*) _____ it.
3. An aerosol spray can will explode if you (*throw*) _____ it into a fire.
4. You should tell your father exactly what happened. If I (*be*) _____ you, I (*tell*) _____ him the truth as soon as possible.
5. If I (*have*) _____ my camera with me yesterday, I (*take*) _____ a picture of Alex standing on his head.
6. I'm almost ready to plant my garden. I have a lot of seeds. Maybe I have more than I need. If I (*have*) _____ more seeds than I need, I (*give*) _____ some to Nellie.
7. I got wet because I didn't take my umbrella. However, I (*get, not*) _____ wet if I (*remember*) _____ to take my umbrella with me yesterday.
8. I (*change*) _____ the present economic policy if I (*be*) _____ the President of the United States.
9. If the teacher (*be*) _____ absent tomorrow, class will be cancelled.
10. George has only two pairs of socks. If he (*have*) _____ more than two pairs of socks, he (*have to, not*) _____

_____ wash his socks so often.

11. That sounds like a good job offer. If I (*be*) _____ you, I (*accept*) _____ it.
12. The cowboy pulled his gun to shoot at the rattlesnake, but he was too late. If he (*be*) _____ quicker to pull the trigger, the snake (*bite, not*) _____ him on the ankle. It's a good thing he was wearing heavy leather boots.



□ 練習 4: 空欄に適切な助動詞を入れ、文を完成させなさい。

1. I don't have a pen, but if I did, I would lend it to you.
2. He is busy right now, but if he weren't, he would help us.
3. I didn't vote in the last election, but if I had, I would have voted for Senator Anderson.
4. I don't have enough money, but if I _____, I would buy that book.
5. The weather is cold today, but if it _____, I would go swimming.
6. She didn't come, but if she _____, she would have met my brother.
7. I'm not a good cook, but if I _____, I would make all of my own meals.

8. I have to go to class this afternoon, but if I _____, I would go downtown with you.
9. He didn't go to a doctor, but if he _____, the cut on his hand wouldn't have gotten infected.
10. I always pay my bills. If I _____, I would get in a lot of trouble.
11. Helium is lighter than air. If it _____, a helium-filled balloon wouldn't float upward.
12. I called my husband to tell him I would be late. If I _____, he would have gotten worried about me.

□ 練習5 [口頭一テキストを閉じて]: 次の質問に“No, but . . .”で始まる文で答えなさい。

例: Do you have a dollar?

答え: No, but if I did (No, but if I had a dollar), I would lend it to you.

1. Are you rich?
2. Do you have a car?
3. Are you a bird?
4. Are you in (*student's country/hometown*)?
5. Do you live in an apartment? Dormitory? Hotel?
6. Are you the teacher of this class?
7. Do you have your own airplane?
8. Are you (*the President of the United States*)?
9. Are you tired?
10. Are you at home right now?
11. Are you married? Single?
12. Do you speak (*another language*)?
13. Is the weather hot/cold today?
14. Are you hungry?
15. Do you live in (*New York City*)?